

PD- 375 CV-19  
M.Sc, Chemistry (Third Semester)  
Term End Examination . Dec.-2020  
Compulsory/Optional  
Group-  
Paper - IV

Name/ Title of Paper: Photo in-organic chemistry  
Time : Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks : 80  
Minimum Marks : 29

**Note : Answer from Both the section as Directed. The figures in the right hand margin indicate marks.**

Section-A

- 1- Answer the following questions: 1X10
- (a) What do you understand by non rodentine processes.
  - (b) What do you mean by triplet excited state
  - (c) What is charge transfer excitation
  - (d) Which excited state has long life
  - (e) What do you understand by the term excitation
  - (f) How the excited species can be completely different to normal state molecule
  - (g) What is a diabetic photochemical reaction.
  - (h) Singlet excited state alid dissociation constant  $PK^*$  can be smaller or greaten than the group state  $PK$ - for phens.
  - (i) Define metal complex sensitiger.
  - (j) What is d-d state states or legend field state
- 2- Answer the following question 2X5=10
- (a) What is quantum yield? The quantum yield is different for deferent substitution reaction why?
  - (b) Explain briefly himerecular deactivation dwindling.
  - (c) Give the distinctive properties of excimers and exalted state demurs. How the change transfer meonanism. Explain the quenching.
  - (d) Explain the excretal state redox potential with example of  $FC^2/FC^{3+}$  and methylene blue complex.  
OR  
What is intermolecular potoxidation reaction.  
OR  
Mechanism of photoaqution reaction.
  - (e) Illustrate the redox character of ruthenium<sup>2+</sup> bipyridil complex.  
OR  
Explain what is low Hing energy states in transition metal complexed?  
OR  
What are utility of redox process of electronically excited state for cataly he purposar.

Section-B

Answer all questions marks are shown against each question.

Unit-I

- 3- a- Clarify eienstein S law of photochemical equation and justify that the energy absorb by one I am molecule is inversely proportional to the wave length of radiation. 7
- b- Explain the causes of law & high quantum efficiency. 5
- Or
- a- Discuss the various processer occurring in the excatal state. 7
  - b- Discuss the principle for investigating the vibrational structure of electronic spectra Or Discuss the principle concernal with mechanism of photoinduled chemical reaction. 5

Unit-II

- 4- Explain the shift in 0-0 transition due to solveot interaction in the two state of different polarity for absooption and emission processes. 12
- Or
- Describe the stricture parity and acid base stroath of exacted state. 12

Unit-III

- 5- a- Discuss the comparison of excitation of metal. Complexes with organic compounds by photos. 6
- b- What do you understand by MLCT transition. 6
- Or

- a- Discuss the LINCT Transitonof octahedral Cr(III) complexes. 6
- b- Explain one method for obtaining charge I transfer spectra . 6

Unit-IV

- 6- a- Illustrate the reducing and oxidising character of  $[Ru(bipy)_3]^{2+}$  and crapare the properties with  $[Fe(bidy)_3]^{2+}$  7
- b- What is intermolecdular photo oxidation reaction 5

- Or
- a- Write explanatory notes on the following 12  
i- Water Photolysis  
ii- Zero-Zero spectroscopic energy

Unit-V

- 7- a- Explain the characteristic phosphorescence spectra of the following inorganic complexes. 12  
i-  $3(\pi - \pi^*)$  State in  $[\text{Ru}(\text{phen})_3]\text{ClO}_4$   
ii-  $3(d - \pi^*)$  State in  $[\text{Ru}(\text{bipy})_3]\text{Cl}_2$   
iii-  $3(d - d)$  State in solid  $[\text{RuCl}_2(\text{phen})_2]\text{Cl}$ .

Or

- a- How do you account for energy transfer photochemical reaction under conditions of weak and strong interaction. 7  
b- How the energy changes will take place when  $[\text{Ru}(\text{bipy})_2]^{3+}$  ions absorb light? Explain. 5